

## Personnel: Definitions

Licensed employees are those holding a position that requires a license issued by the state Teacher Standards and Practices Commission (TSPC).

1. A “teacher” is an employee who holds a teacher’s license or is registered to teach by TSPC.
2. A “contract teacher” is any teacher who has been regularly employed by a school district for a probationary period of not more than three successive school years and who has been retained for the next succeeding school year.
3. A “probationary teacher” is one who is employed under regular contract for at least 135 consecutive days in any school year as a teacher in the district and who is not a contract teacher. At least 30 consecutive days of employment in the district in a successive year shall be sufficient to keep the service intact, and the teacher shall not lose credit for previous probationary years served.
4. A “temporary teacher” is any teacher employed to fill a position designated as temporary or experimental or to fill a vacancy that occurs after the opening of school because of unanticipated enrollment or the death, disability, retirement, resignation, contract non-extension or dismissal of a contract or probationary teacher.
5. A “substitute teacher” is any teacher employed to take the place of a probationary or contract teacher who is temporarily absent. A substitute teacher is employed on a day-to-day basis, without contract, and does the work of the regularly assigned teacher during the latter’s absence from duty. Substitutes will not be eligible for fringe benefits and will be paid at a rate established annually by the Board in accordance with the provisions of Oregon law.
6. An “intern teacher” is a regularly enrolled candidate of an approved educator preparation provider, who teaches under the supervision of the staff of the provider and of the employing district in order to acquire practical experience in teaching. The intern teacher may receive both academic credit from the provider and, at the district’s discretion, financial compensation from the district.
7. An “administrator” is an employee who holds a valid Oregon administrative license or registration and who works in a position requiring an administrative license. An administrator includes but is not limited to all superintendents, assistant superintendents, principals and academic program directors in public schools or education service districts who have direct responsibility for supervision or evaluation of licensed teachers and who are compensated for their services with public funds.

“Classified personnel” are those employees in positions for which no teaching or administrative licenses are required by law.

1. “Regular classified employees” are those employed in positions established by the Board requiring 20 or more hours per week for at least a full school year.

2. “Part-time regular classified employees” are those employed in positions established by the Board requiring less than 20 hours per week for at least a full school year.
3. “Temporary/Substitute classified employees” are those employed on an as-needed basis. The Board shall determine if these employees are eligible for benefits.
4. “Supervisory employees” are those individuals having authority to hire, transfer, suspend, lay off, recall, promote, discharge, assign, reward or discipline other employees, or responsibly to direct them, or to adjust their grievances or effectively to recommend such action if the exercise of such authority is not of a merely routine or clerical nature but requires the use of independent judgment.

“Confidential employees” are designated in accordance with Oregon law (ORS 243.650(6)). Such employees will be excluded from any bargaining unit. Salaries and benefits for confidential employees will be established by the Board.

“Administrative employees” are employees of the district who possess authority to formulate and carry out administrative and/or program decisions, or who represent administration’s interest by taking or effectively recommending discretionary actions that control or implement district policy, and who have discretion in the performance of these administrative and/or program responsibilities beyond the routine discharge of duties. An “administrative employee” need not act in a supervisory capacity in relation to other employees.

END OF POLICY

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**Legal Reference(s):**

<a href="#">ORS 243.650(6), (23)</a>	<a href="#">ORS 342.420</a>	<a href="#">ORS 342.840</a>
<a href="#">ORS 332.505</a>	<a href="#">ORS 342.610</a>	<a href="#">ORS 342.845</a>
<a href="#">ORS 332.554(3)</a>	<a href="#">ORS 342.815</a>	
<a href="#">ORS 342.120</a>	<a href="#">ORS 342.835</a>	<a href="#">OAR 584-020-0005</a>
<a href="#">ORS 342.125</a>		

Job York v. Portland Sch. Dist., No. FDA 83-7 (August 1983).

**Cross Reference(s):**

GC - Licensed Staff Positions