

Gang Activity

No student or other person may engage in gang activity while present on school property or while attending a school-related activity.

“Gang activity” is defined as two or more persons acting in concert to commit or profit from any criminal act or act which violates District policies prohibiting assault, disorderly conduct, menacing, harassment, intimidation, hazing, possession of dangerous weapons, use, possession or distribution of drugs or alcohol, damage to school property, or disruption of the educational process.

A person engages in gang activity if a person solicits, commands, or encourages another to commit a criminal act or violation of school policy while on school property or while attending a school-related activity.

A person engages in gang activity if a person aids or supports another person who commits a criminal act or violation of school policy while on school property or while attending a school-related activity.

Penalties:

Any person who engages in gang activity will be subject to the following:

1. Criminal or juvenile action if the violation is such that it warrants a referral to the appropriate agency;
2. In the case of a non-student, removal from school property or the area where a school-related activity is being conducted;
3. In the case of a student, disciplinary action up to and including expulsion.

END OF POLICY

Legal Reference(s):

[ORS 336.109](#)
[ORS 339.240 - 339.280](#)

[ORS 339.885](#)
[ORS 659.850](#)

[OAR 581-021-0050 to -0075](#)

Olesen v. Board of Educ. of Sch. Dist., 676 F. Supp. 820 (N.D. Ill. 1987).
Neuhaus v. Federico, 12 Or. App. 314 (1973).
Burkitt v. Sch. Dist. No. 1, 195 Or. 471 (1952).
Tinker v. Des Moines Community Sch. District, 393 U.S. 503 (1969).

Cross Reference(s):

JFCE - Secret Societies