

Tax-Exempt Bond Post-Issuance Compliance Protocol

1. Purpose

The purpose of this document is to ensure that Klamath County School District (the “District”) complies with applicable requirements of federal tax law necessary to preserve the tax status of interest on tax-exempt obligations issued by the District. This Policy is designed to set forth compliance procedures so that the District utilizes the proceeds of all issues of bonds, certificates of participation, bond anticipation notes, and tax and revenue anticipation notes (collectively referred to as “Bonds”) in accordance with applicable federal tax requirements, and complies with all other applicable federal requirements with respect to outstanding Bonds.

To comply with applicable federal tax requirements, the District must confirm that the requirements are met at the time each Bond issue is issued and throughout the term of the Bonds (until maturity or redemption). Generally, compliance should include retention of records relating to the expenditure of the proceeds of each Bond issue, the investment of the proceeds of each Bond issue, and any allocations made with respect to the use of the proceeds of each Bond issue, sufficient to establish compliance with applicable federal tax requirements, including records related to periods before the Bonds are issued (e.g., in the case of reimbursement of prior expenditures) until five years after the final maturity or redemption date of any issue of Bonds.

2. Procedures

a. Responsible Official

The Director of Business Services of the District will identify the officer or other employee(s) of the District (the “Bond Compliance Officer”) who will be responsible for each of the procedures listed below, notify the current holder of that office of the responsibilities, and provide that person a copy of these procedures. Upon employee transitions, the Director of Business Services of the District will advise any newly-designated Bond Compliance Officer of his/her responsibilities under these procedures and will ensure the Bond Compliance Officer understands the importance of these procedures. If employee positions are restructured or eliminated, the Superintendent of the District will reassign responsibilities as necessary.

b. Issuance of Bonds

- (1) **Bond Counsel.** The District will retain a nationally-recognized bond counsel law firm (“Bond Counsel”) to assist the District in issuing Bonds. In connection with any tax-exempt Bond issue, Bond Counsel will deliver a legal opinion which will be based in part on covenants and representations set forth in the District’s Tax Certificate (or other closing documents containing the tax representation) (the “Tax Certificate”) and other certificates relating to the Bonds, including covenants and representations concerning compliance with post-issuance federal tax law requirements that must be satisfied to preserve the tax-exempt status of tax-exempt Bonds. As described more fully below, the

District will also consult with Bond Counsel and other legal counsel and advisors, as needed, following issuance of each Bond issue to ensure that applicable post-issuance requirements in fact are met, so that tax-exempt status of interest will be maintained for federal income tax purposes so long as any Bonds remain outstanding.

The Bond Compliance Officer and/or other designated District personnel will consult with Bond Counsel and other legal counsel and advisors, as needed, throughout the Bond issuance process to identify requirements and to establish procedures necessary or appropriate so that tax-exempt status of interest will be maintained. Those requirements and procedures shall be documented in a Tax Certificate and other certificates and/or other documents finalized at or before issuance of the Bonds. If there is no document in the transcript titled "Tax Certificate," the Bond Compliance Officer and/or other designated District personnel will consult with Bond Counsel prior to the closing of the financing to understand which document(s) in the transcript contain the tax representations and covenants. The requirements and procedures in the Tax Certificate shall include future compliance with applicable arbitrage rebate requirements and all other applicable post-issuance requirements of federal tax law throughout (and in some cases beyond) the term of the Bonds.

- (2) Documentation of Tax Requirements. The federal tax requirements relating to each Bond issue will be set forth in the Tax Certificate executed in connection with the Bond issue, which will be included in the closing transcript. The certifications, representations, expectations, covenants and factual statements in the Tax Certificate relate primarily to the restriction on use of the Bond-financed facilities by persons or entities other than the District, changes in use of assets financed or refinanced with Bond proceeds, restrictions applicable to the investment of Bond proceeds and other moneys relating to the Bonds, arbitrage rebate requirements, and economic life of the Bond-financed assets.
- (3) Information Reporting. The Bond Compliance Officer and/or other designated District personnel will assure filing of information returns on IRS Form 8038-G no later than the 15th day of the second calendar month in the calendar quarter following the calendar quarter in which an issue of Bonds is issued. The District will confirm that the IRS Form 8038-G is accurate and is filed in a timely manner with respect to all Bond issues, including any required schedules and attachments. The IRS Form 8038-G filed with the IRS, together with an acknowledgment copy (if available) or IRS Notice CP152, will be included as part of the closing transcript for each Bond issue, or kept in the records related to the appropriate issue of Bonds.

c. Application of Bond Proceeds

- (1) Use of Bond Proceeds. The Bond Compliance Officer and/or other designated District personnel shall:
 - (a) Monitor the use of Bond proceeds and the use of the Bond-financed assets (e.g., facilities, furnishings or equipment) throughout the term of the Bonds (and in some cases beyond the term of the Bonds) to ensure compliance with covenants and restrictions set forth in the applicable Tax Certificate;
 - (b) Maintain records identifying the assets or portion of assets that were financed or refinanced with proceeds of each issue of Bonds;

- (c) Consult with Bond Counsel and other legal counsel as needed in the review of any contracts or arrangements involving use of Bond-financed facilities to ensure compliance with all covenants and restrictions set forth in the applicable Tax Certificate;
 - (d) Maintain records for any contracts or arrangements involving the use of Bond-financed facilities as might be necessary or appropriate to document compliance with all covenants and restrictions set forth in the applicable Tax Certificate; and
 - (e) Communicate as necessary and appropriate with personnel responsible for the Bond-financed assets to identify and discuss any existing or planned use of the Bond-financed assets, to ensure that those uses are consistent with all covenants and restrictions set forth in the applicable Tax Certificate.
- (2) **Timely Expenditure of Bond Proceeds.** At the time of issuance of any Bonds issued to fund original expenditures, the District must reasonably expect to spend at least 85 percent of all proceeds expected to be used to finance such expenditures (which proceeds would exclude proceeds in a reasonably required reserve fund) within three years after issuance of such Bonds.¹ In addition, for such Bonds, the District must have incurred or expect to incur within six months after issuance original expenditures of not less than 5 percent of such amount of proceeds, and must expect to complete the Bond-financed project (the “Project”) and allocate Bond proceeds to costs with due diligence.² Satisfaction of these requirements allows Project-related Bond proceeds to be invested at an unrestricted yield for three years.³ Bonds issued to refinance outstanding obligations are subject to separate expenditure requirements, which shall be outlined in the Tax Certificate relating to such Bonds. The District’s finance staff will monitor the appropriate capital project accounts (and, to the extent applicable, working capital expenditures and/or refunding escrow accounts) and ensure that Bond proceeds are spent within the applicable time period(s) required under federal tax law.
- (3) **Capital Expenditures.** In general, proceeds (including earnings on original sale proceeds) of Bonds issued to fund original expenditures, other than proceeds deposited in a reasonably required reserve fund or used to pay costs of issuance, should be spent on capital expenditures.⁴ For this purpose, capital expenditures generally mean costs to acquire, construct, or improve property (land, buildings and equipment), or to adapt the property to a new or different use. The property financed or refinanced must have a useful life longer than one year. Capital Expenditures include design and planning costs related to the Project, and include architectural, engineering, surveying, soil testing, environmental, and other similar costs incurred in the process of acquiring, constructing, improving or adapting the property. Capital Expenditures do not include operating

¹In the case of short-term working capital financings (e.g., TRANS), the District's actual maximum cumulative cash flow deficit as of the close of the six-month period commencing on the issue date must be at least equal to 100 percent of the issue price of the notes (under the six-month rebate exception, excluding the reasonable working capital reserve) or 90 percent of the issue price of the notes (under the statutory safe harbor exception) in order for the notes to be exempt from the rebate requirements.

²These requirements do not apply to short-term working capital financings (e.g., TRANS).

³Proceeds of working capital financings (e.g., TRANS) may be invested at an unrestricted yield for thirteen months.

⁴Proceeds of working capital financings (e.g., TRANS) need not be spent for capital expenditures.

expenses of the Project or incidental or routine repair or maintenance of the Project, even if the repair or maintenance will have a useful life longer than one year.

d. Use of Bond-Financed Assets

- (1) Ownership and Use of Project. For the life of a Bond issue, the Project must be owned and operated by the District (or another state or local governmental entity). At all times while the Bond issue is outstanding, no more than 10 percent (or \$15,000,000, if less) of the Bond proceeds or the Project may be used, directly or indirectly, in a trade or business carried on by a person other than a state or local governmental unit (“Private Use”).⁵ In addition, not more than 5 percent (or \$5 million, if less) of the proceeds of any Bond issue may be used, directly or indirectly, to make a loan to any person other than governmental persons. Generally, Private Use consists of any contract or other arrangement, including leases, management contracts, operating agreements, guarantee contracts, take or pay contracts, output contracts or research contracts, which provides for use by a person who is not a state or local government on a basis different than the general public. The Project may be used by any person or entity, including any person or entity carrying on any trade or business, if such use constitutes “General Public Use.” General Public Use is any arrangement providing for use that is available to the general public at either no charge or on the basis of rates that are generally applicable and uniformly applied.
- (2) Management or Operating Agreements. Any management, operating or service contracts whereby a non-exempt entity is using assets financed or refinanced with Bond proceeds (such as bookstore, cafeteria or dining facility, externally-managed parking facilities, gift shops, etc.) must relate to portions of the Project that fit within the allowable private use limitations or the contracts must meet the IRS safe harbor for management contracts. Any replacements of or changes to such contracts relating to Bond-financed assets or facilities, or leases of such assets or facilities, should be reviewed by Bond Counsel. The Bond Compliance Officer shall contact Bond Counsel if there may be a lease, sale, disposition or other change in use of assets financed or refinanced with Bond proceeds.
- (3) Useful Life Limitation. The weighted average maturity of the Bond issue cannot exceed 120 percent of the weighted average economic life of the Bond-financed assets. Additional state law limitations may apply as well.

e. Investment Restrictions, Arbitrage Yield Calculations, Rebate

- (1) Investment Restrictions. Investment restrictions relating to Bond proceeds and other moneys relating to the Bonds are set forth in the Tax Certificate. The District’s finance staff will monitor the investment of Bond proceeds to ensure compliance with applicable yield restriction rules.
- (2) Use and Control of Bond Proceeds. Unexpended Bond proceeds (including reserves) may be held directly by the District or by the trustee for the Bond issue under an indenture or trust agreement. The investment of Bond proceeds shall be managed by the District. The District shall maintain appropriate records regarding investments and transactions involving Bond proceeds. The trustee, if appropriate, shall provide regular

⁵This 10 percent limitation is limited to 5 percent in cases in which the Private Use is either unrelated or disproportionate to the governmental use of the financed facility.

statements to the District regarding investments and transactions involving Bond proceeds.

- (3) **Arbitrage Yield Calculations.** Investment earnings on Bond proceeds should be tracked and monitored to comply with applicable yield restrictions and/or rebate requirements. Any funds of the District set aside or otherwise pledged or earmarked to pay debt service on Bonds should be analyzed to assure compliance with the tax law rules on arbitrage, invested sinking funds, and pledged funds (including gifts or donations linked or earmarked to the Bond-financed assets).
- (4) **Rebate.** The District is responsible for calculating (or causing the calculation of) rebate liability for each Bond issue, and for making any required rebate payments. Unless Bond Counsel has advised the District that the Bonds are exempt from the rebate requirements described in this section, the District will retain an arbitrage rebate consultant to perform rebate calculations that may be required to be made from time to time with respect to any Bond issue. The District is responsible for providing the arbitrage rebate consultant with requested documents and information on a prompt basis, reviewing applicable rebate reports and other calculations and generally interacting with the arbitrage rebate consultant to ensure the timely preparation of rebate reports and payment of any rebate.
- (5) The reports and calculations provided by the arbitrage rebate consultant are intended to assure compliance with rebate requirements, which require the District to make rebate payments, if any, no later than the 5th anniversary date and each 5th anniversary date thereafter through the final maturity or redemption date of a Bond issue. A final rebate payment must be made within 60 days of the final maturity or redemption date of a Bond issue.
- (6) The District will confer and consult with the arbitrage rebate consultant to determine whether any rebate spending exceptions may be met. Rebate spending exceptions are available for periods of 6 months, 18 months and 2 years. The District will review the Tax Certificate and/or consult with the arbitrage rebate consultant or Bond Counsel for more details regarding the rebate spending exceptions.
- (7) In the case of short-term working capital financings, such as tax and revenue anticipation notes, if there is concern as to whether or not the District has met its requisite maximum cumulative cash flow deficit with respect to its short-term working capital notes, the services of a rebate analyst should be engaged to determine whether either the six-month spending exception or the statutory safe harbor exception to the rebate rules is met (in which case no rebate would be owed) or whether the proceeds of the notes are subject, in whole or in part, to rebate.
- (8) Copies of all arbitrage rebate reports, related return filings with the IRS (i.e., IRS Form 8038-T), copies of cancelled checks with respect to any rebate payments, and information statements must be retained as described below. The responsible official of the District described in Subsection a. of this Part 2 will follow the procedures set forth in the Tax Certificate entered into with respect to any Bond issue that relate to compliance with the rebate requirements.

f. **Record Retention**

- (1) **Allocation of Bond Proceeds to Expenditures.** The District shall allocate Bond proceeds to expenditures for assets, and shall trace and keep track of the use of Bond proceeds and property financed or refinanced therewith.

- (2) Record Keeping Requirements. Copies of all relevant documents and records sufficient to support an assertion that the tax requirements relating to a Bond issue have been satisfied will be maintained by the District for the term of a Bond issue (including refunding Bonds, if any) plus five years, including the following documents and records:
- (a) Bond closing transcripts;
 - (b) Copies of records of investments, investment agreements, credit enhancement transactions, financial derivatives (e.g., an interest rate swap), arbitrage reports and underlying documents, including trustee statements;
 - (c) Copies of material documents relating to capital expenditures financed or refinanced by Bond proceeds, including (without limitation) purchase orders, invoices, trustee requisitions and payment records, as well as documents relating to costs reimbursed with Bond proceeds and records identifying the assets or portion of assets that are financed or refinanced with Bond proceeds;
 - (d) All contracts and arrangements involving private use, or changes in use, of the Bond-financed property;
 - (e) All reports and documents relating to the allocation of Bond proceeds and private use of Bond-financed property; and
 - (f) Itemization of property financed with Bond proceeds, including placed in service dates.
 - (g) In the case of short-term working capital financings, such as tax and revenue anticipation notes, information regarding the District's revenue, expenditures and available balances sufficient to support the District's maximum cumulative cash flow deficit.

3. Post-Issuance Compliance

- a. In General. The District will conduct periodic reviews of compliance with these procedures to determine whether any violations have occurred so that such violations can be remedied through the "remedial action" regulations (Treas. Reg. Section 1.141-12) or the Voluntary Closing Agreement Program (VCAP) described in IRS Notice 2008-31 (or successor guidance). If any changes or modifications to the terms or provisions of a Bond issue are contemplated, the District will consult Bond Counsel. The District recognizes and acknowledges that such modifications could result in a "reissuance" of the Bonds for federal tax purposes (i.e., a deemed refunding) and thereby jeopardize the tax-exempt status of the Bonds after the modifications.

The Bond Compliance Officer and/or other designated District personnel will consult with Bond Counsel and other legal counsel and advisors, as needed, following issuance of each issue of the Bonds to ensure that all applicable post-issuance requirements in fact are met, so that interest on the Bonds will be excluded from gross income for federal income tax purposes so long as any Bonds remain outstanding. This will include, without limitation, consultation in connection with future contracts with respect to the use of Bond-financed assets and future contracts with respect to the use of output or throughput of Bond-financed assets.

Whenever necessary or appropriate, the District will engage an expert advisor as arbitrage rebate consultant to assist in the calculation of arbitrage rebate payable in respect of the investment of Bond proceeds.

- b. **Monitoring Private or Other Use of Financed Assets.** The District will maintain records identifying the assets or portion of assets that are financed or refinanced with proceeds of a Bond issue, including the uses and the users thereof (including terms of use and type of use). Such records may be kept in any combination of paper or electronic form. In the event the use of Bond proceeds or the assets financed or refinanced with Bond proceeds is different from the covenants, representations or factual statements in the Tax Certificate, the District will promptly contact and consult with Bond Counsel to ensure that there is no adverse effect on the tax-exempt status of the Bonds and, where appropriate, will remedy any violations through the “remedial action” regulations (Treas. Reg. Section 1.141-12), the Voluntary Closing Agreement Program (VCAP) described in IRS Notice 2008-31 (or successor guidance), or as otherwise prescribed by Bond Counsel.
- c. **Ongoing Training.** Training shall be made available to the Bond Compliance Officer to support the Bond Compliance Officer’s understanding of the tax requirements applicable to the Bonds. Such training may include, but would not be limited to, attending training sessions at local conferences such as OMFOA and/or OASBO, participation in IRS teleconferences, reading technical guidance materials provided by educational organizations, the IRS, and/or Bond Counsel, and discussing questions and issues with the District’s Bond Counsel and/or arbitrage rebate consultant.
- d. **Annual Checklist of Tax-Exempt Bond Compliance Checklist.** The Bond Compliance Officer will complete the attached “Annual Tax-Exempt Bond Compliance Checklist” with respect to all outstanding Bonds on or before March 1st of each annual period. The Bond Compliance Officer will retain a copy of each completed and signed checklist in a file that is retained in accordance with the document retention requirements described in Section 2.f., above.

IRS CIRCULAR 230 DISCLOSURE. To ensure compliance with requirements imposed by the IRS, we inform you that any U.S. federal tax advice contained in the document is not intended or written to be used, and cannot be used, for the purpose of (1) avoiding penalties under the Internal Revenue Code; or (2) promoting, marketing, or recommending to another party any transaction or matter addressed herein.

Form of Annual Tax-Exempt Bond Compliance Checklist

(to be completed by the “Bond Compliance Officer” as described in the Tax-Exempt Bond Post-Issuance Compliance Policy)

Date Completed: _____

	Yes	No
Has there been a sale of all or any portion of a facility financed with tax-exempt bonds (a “Project”)?		
Has there been a lease of all or any portion of a Project to any party other than a state or local government?		
Has the District entered into a new, or amended an already existing, management or service contract related to a Project?		
Has the District entered into a naming rights agreement relating to all or any portion of a Project?		
Has the District entered into any other arrangement with an entity, other than a state or local government, which agreement provided legal rights to that entity with respect to a Project?		
Will there be a rebate/yield restriction arbitrage computation date during the upcoming annual period?		
Is the District out of compliance with the record retention requirements as described in Section 2.f. of the Tax-Exempt Bond Post-Issuance Compliance Policy?		

If an answer to any question above is “Yes,” or the answer is unclear, the Bond Compliance Officer shall consult with the District’s bond counsel to determine (1) if the event could adversely impact the tax-exempt status of the District’s outstanding tax-exempt bonds; and/or (2) whether any action needs to be taken during the upcoming annual period to ensure compliance with the tax-exempt bond restrictions.

The undersigned is the “Bond Compliance Officer” as described in the Tax-Exempt Bond Post-Issuance Compliance Policy and has completed the above checklist to the best of the knowledge of the undersigned.

Signature of Bond Compliance Officer

Print name